JPN 4850 Structure of Japanese FALL 2018

Section 1135 MWF 5 period (11:45-12:35 pm) MAT 0002

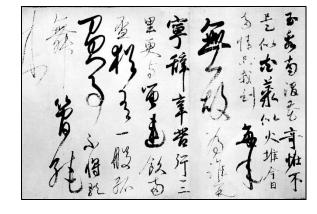
Canvas site: http://elearning.ufl.edu/

Instructor: Ann Wehmeyer

Associate Professor, Japanese and

Linguistics

Office: 320 Pugh Phone: 273-2961



Gyokusen-Jō (玉泉帖 'Pellucid Stream Notebook), calligraphy attributed to Ono no Michikaze (小野道風 894 – 966), mixture of calligraphy scripts, first half 10th century. http://www.ink-

treasures.com/history/calligraphy/japanese-calligraphy/history-of-japanese-

calligraphy-part-2/

Email: awehmeye@ufl.edu

Office hours: M 7th period (1:55-2:45 pm), T 5-6th periods (11:45-1:40 pm) & by appointment

Course prerequisites: JPN 1131 or permission of instructor. Previous study of linguistics (e.g., LIN 3010 Intro to Linguistics) will be a plus but is not required.

Course objectives:

The goals of this course are to learn to understand and to analyze the structure of Japanese with the tools of linguistics. We will focus on areas that are distinctive in terms of structural properties, and areas of Japanese that pose challenges to linguistic analysis in terms of theory. Upon completion of the course, you will be able to describe and analyze Japanese from the following perspectives:

- Writing system: history, complexities, loanwords
- Phonetics: the sounds of Japanese, and distinctive properties such as vowel devoicing
- Phonology: accent and sound structure
- Morphology: how affixation and compounding form words
- Syntax: word order, configuration, complex structures, anaphora
- Semantics: word meaning, information structure, mimetics
- *Pragmatics:* speech levels, modality, interactive particles
- Language variation: regional, social

Course materials:

Tsujimura, Natsuko. 2014. *An Introduction to Japanese Linguistics*, Third Edition. Malden, Massachusetts: Wiley Blackwell. ISBN 978-1-4443-3773-0. This textbook is available at the UF Book Store in Reitz Union.

Vance, Timothy J. 2008. *The Sounds of Japanese*. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press. ISBN 978-0-521-61754-3. This textbook is available at the UF Book Store in Reitz Union.

Course Reserves: Selected journal articles and book chapters in online reserves at UF library, indicated by "CR" in the Daily Schedule. Go to Canvas and select Course Reserves on the left sidebar, or go to http://www.uflib.ufl.edu/, and click on "Course Reserves." After logging in, you will see a menu of courses in which you are currently enrolled. Open JPN 4850/LIN 6571, and select the desired reading for viewing or

printing. If you are off campus, you must connect through the VPN client (for instructions on how to obtain, see here http://www.uflib.ufl.edu/login/vpn.html).

Files in Canvas. Four readings from Japanese language sources are located in Files on Canvas, labeled by date of assignment, and reading topic, in that order.

Policies and Expectations:

- a. **The Honor Code**: We, the members of the University of Florida community, pledge to hold ourselves and our peers to the highest standards of honesty and integrity. On all work submitted for credit by students at the university, the following pledge is either required or implied: "On my honor, I have neither given nor received unauthorized aid in doing this assignment." All sources of information, including print, digital, and verbal, must be acknowledged. Verbatim materials must be indicated as such with quotations marks, and cited.
- b. Special Accommodations: Please let me know about any concerns regarding submission of assignments, testing, or other class requirements. You are welcome to visit during office hours, catch me after class, phone, or email. Students requesting classroom accommodation must first register with the Dean of Students Office. The Dean of Students Office will provide documentation to the student who must then provide this documentation to the Instructor when requesting accommodation.
- c. **Attendance and Participation**: Class sessions will combine lectures, discussions, media, and presentations. Your attendance and active participation is essential to the success of the course, and to your grade. Attendance will be taken, and participation noted.

d. Preparation and Assignments:

- a. **Read** the assigned texts carefully ahead of time, and be prepared to discuss them on the date that they appear in the Daily Schedule.
- b. **Exercises** should be prepared prior to class as you complete the readings, and should be submitted to the instructor at the end of class on the date that they appear in the schedule. Exercises are scored as Complete or Incomplete, and must be submitted on the class date in order to be marked as Complete.
- c. Other assignments, as indicated on the Daily Schedule, are to be submitted to Assignments in the Canvas course site and are due on the date indicated in the Daily Schedule/Assignments. Late submissions will be assessed a penalty of 5% for each day beyond the deadline.
- e. **Make-up Exams**: Prior notification to <u>awehmeye@ufl.edu</u>, or 273-2961, and written documentation of illness or family emergency is required. Consult with instructor to schedule the make-up exam.

f. **GEN ED**

a. This course counts as Social and Behavioral Sciences (S) and International (N).

Course Requirements and Exams

- 1. **Group Projects:** Everyone will participate in one of the following Group Projects that will involve the selection and analysis of data on one of the specific topics below for presentation to the class. Sign up for a group/topic in "Group Presentations" on Canvas. Your group can have up to three members.
 - a. Your presentation should focus on data presentation and analysis, and may be illustrated by images or clips, as appropriate. The presentation should also make use of and explain, as necessary, relevant technical terms, concepts, and/or frameworks from course readings. It should be 20-30 minutes long, including time for questions from the class. One copy of the media for the Group Presentation must be submitted to Assignments in Canvas at least one hour before class time on the date of your presentation.
 - **b.** Evaluation method:
 - a. Data analysis
 - i. Did you identify a robust set of data?
 - ii. Is your analysis sound and thorough?
 - iii. Did you refer to concepts from course materials?
 - iv. Did you compare the Japanese data to equivalent forms in English or other languages you may know?
 - b. Exposition and style
 - v. Are the visual aids clear and engaging? Do they support and add to the understanding of the presentation?
 - vi. Do all members of the group participate in the presentation?
 - vii. Does the presentation flow well? (ease of delivery, good eye contact, appropriate idiom)
 - c. Posing and handling questions
 - viii. Did you pose questions to the class that allowed for expansion of the material?
 - ix. When responding the class member questions, were you able to introduce new information and perspectives through your answers?
 - x. Were you able to guide discussion back to the material as you fielded questions and comments?
 - c. Join one of the following Groups:
 - Affixation 1, W 10/03/18. Identify a productive affix in Japanese, and explain its meaning and
 process of word formation with selected examples from Japanese. Refer to Tsujimura for
 processes of word formation. Clear selection of affix with instructor.
 - Example: agentive suffixes (-te 手, -syu 手, -ka 家, -sya 者, as in hanasite 話し手
 'speaker', untensyu 運転手 'driver', sakka 作家 'writer', happyōsya 発表者'presenter'
 - Areas to address:
 - To what sort of base does this affix attach? Are there any restrictions?
 - What is the lexical category of the resulting word?
 - What does the affix indicate?
 - Does attachment of the affix affect the accent of the base?
 - How productive is this affix?
 - Affixation 2, M 10/08/18. Identify a productive affix in Japanese, and explain its meaning and process of word formation with selected examples from Japanese. Refer to Tsujimura for processes of word formation. Clear selection of affix with instructor.
 - Example: agentive suffixes (-te 手, -syu 手, -ka 家, -sya 者, as in hanasite 話し手
 'speaker', untensyu 運転手 'driver', sakka 作家 'writer', happyōsya 発表者'presenter'
 - Areas to address:
 - To what sort of base does this affix attach? Are there any restrictions?
 - What is the lexical category of the resulting word?

- What does the affix indicate?
- Does attachment of the affix affect the accent of the base?
- How productive is this affix?
- Lexicon 1, M 11/09/18. Identify a set of nouns, verbs, or adjectives to compare and contrast with the similar set in English. Ideally, this will be a set of words that do not share a one-to-one meaning equivalence with the English counterpart set. Clear selection with instructor.
 - o Example: the Japanese verbs *sumu* 住む, *ikiru* 生きる, and *kurasu* 暮らす can all, depending on context, be translated with the English verb 'to live'. How is their meaning distinguished from one another in Japanese?
 - Example: Japanese verbs of wearing. In English, the verbs wear, put on, take off can be used to refer to pretty much any item of clothing or accessory. Is this true of Japanese? How are Japanese verbs of wearing structured?
- Lexicon 2, M 11/16/18. Identify a set of nouns, verbs, or adjectives to compare and contrast with the similar set in English. Ideally, this will be a set of words that do not share a one-to-one meaning equivalence with the English counterpart set. Clear selection with instructor.
 - o Example: the Japanese verbs *sumu* 住む, *ikiru* 生きる, and *kurasu* 暮らす can all, depending on context, be translated with the English verb 'to live'. How is their meaning distinguished from one another in Japanese?
 - Example: Japanese verbs of wearing. In English, the verbs wear, put on, take off can be used to refer to pretty much any item of clothing or accessory. Is this true of Japanese? How are Japanese verbs of wearing structured?
- Regional Dialect, M 11/19/18. Select a regional dialect, and outline its distinctive patterns of sound and/or grammar to present to the class. Other questions of interest would include whether the dialect is robust, or endangered, and in what contexts and/or media one is likely to encounter it.
- Youth Slang (ryūkōgo, wakamono-kotoba, shingo), M 11/28/18. Identify some contemporary neologisms that are current among young people, and analyze for form and meaning. Explain any processes involved in the formation of these words. To what sorts of references do such words tend to refer?

2. Exams

- a. **Exam 1, in class, W 09/19/18.** Several days before the exam you will be provided with a Study Guide consisting mainly of problem sets. We will review these in the class session prior to the exam.
- b. **Exam 2, in class, W 10/31/18**. Several days before the exam you will be provided with a Study Guide consisting mainly of problem sets.
- c. **Exam 3, take-home due W 12/12/18**. Submit to Assignments in Canvas by 3:00 pm in MS Word or PDF format. Early submissions welcome!

Grades:

Attendance and	05%
participation	
Exercises	15%
Group presentation	20%
Exam 1	20%
Exam 2	20%
Exam 3	20%
Total	100%

Grading scale: A (93-100), A- (90-92), B+ (87-89), B (83-86), B- (80-82), C+ (77-79), C (73-76), C- (70-72), D+ (67-69), D (63-66), D- (60-62), E (60 and below)

DAILY SCHEDULE

Date	Topic	Assigned Readings	Exercises		
Week 1 Wr	Week 1 Writing system, Phonetics				
W	Introduction to	Frellesvig, Bjarke. 2010. "Writing," in A History of			
08/22/18	course	the Japanese Language, p. 11-25. Cambridge:			
		Cambridge University Press. CR			
F	Articulatory and	Vance, Chapter 1 "Phonetics," 1-25.	Exercises 5-12, p. 25		
08/24/18	Acoustic				
	phonetics				
Week 2 Pho	onetics and phonolo	ogy			
M	Phonemics	Vance, Chapter 2 "Phonemics," 26-52.			
08/27/18					
W	Japanese vowels	Vance, Chapter 3 "Vowels," 53-70.	Exercises 1-4, p. 70-		
08/29/18			71.		
F	Japanese	Vance, Chapter 4 "Syllable-initial consonants," 74-	Exercises 1-3, p. 94.		
08/31/18	consonants	94			
Week 3 Pho	onology				
М	Classes	Labor Day			
09/03/18	suspended				
W	Consonant	Vance, Chapter 5, "Syllable-final consonants," 96-	Exercises 1, 3, 9, p.		
09/05/18	gemination	114.	112-113		
F	Syllables and	Vance, Chapter 6 "Syllables and Moras," 115-141.	Exercises 1, 6, p.		
09/07/18	moras		138-139.		
Week 4 Pito	ch accent				
M	Pitch accent	Vance, Chapter 7 "Accent and Intonation," through	Exercise 6, p. 200.		
09/10/18		Noun and particle accent, p. 142-162			
W	Accent in verbs,	Vance, Chapter 7, "Accent and intonation," p. 162-	Exercises 14, 15, p.		
09/12/18	adjectives and	198.	202.		
	compound				
	words				
F	Vowel	Vance, Chapter 8 "Other topics," p. 206-235.	Exercise 2, p. 232.		
09/14/18	devoicing;		(Grad students:		
	syllable-initial		Tsuchida, 2001.		
	velar nasals		Vowel devoicing)		
		ound structures; Word formation	I		
M	Study Guide,	Review of key concepts and discussion of question			
09/17/18	Exam 1	types			
W	Exam 1	Covers material from beginning of class through			
09/19/18		09/17/18			
F	Lexical	Tsujimura, Chapter 4: Morphology, p. 125-157.			
09/21/18	categories;				
	Word formation				
Week 6 Wo	ord formation				

M	Affixation	Clahsen, Harald and Yu Ikemoto. 2012. The mental	
09/24/18		representation of derived words: An experimental	
		study of –sa and –mi nominals in Japanese. The Mental Lexicon 7:2, 147-182. CR	
W	Transitivity;	Tsujimura, Chapter 4: Morphology, p. 157-174.	Exercise 5, p. 225-
09/26/18	Nominalization	rsujimura, chapter 4. Morphology, p. 137-174.	226, Tsujimura.
F	Mimetic words	Dingemanse, Mark and Kimi Akita. 2017. An inverse	
09/28/18		relation between expressiveness and grammatical	
		integration: On the morphosyntactic typology of ideophones, with special reference to Japanese.	
		Journal of Linguistics 53:3, 501-532. CR	
Week 7 Wo	ord formation	Journal of Emgalistics 30.0, 301 302. Ch	
M	Lexical	Akita, Kimi. 2012. Register-specific	
10/01/18	innovation	morphophonological constructions in Japanese.	
		Annual Meeting of the Berkeley Linguistics Society,	
		38, p. 3-17. Doi:	
14/	Namainal	http://dx.doi.org/10.3765/bls.v38io.3267. CR	ASS: 4 Consum
W 10/03/18	Nominal compounds	 Tsujimura, Chapter 4: Morphology, p. 174-183. Tsujimura, Chapter 3: Phonology, Sequential 	Affix 1, Group presentation
10/03/10	compounds	voicing – Rendaku, p. 56-65.	• Exercises 4, 5, p.
		Tolonig Heridana, pr. 50 051	120; Exercise 6,
			p. 226,
			Tsujimura
F	Verbal	Tsujimura, Chapter 4: Morphology, p. 184-214.	• Exercise 1, 2, 3,
10/05/18	compounds		4, p. 224-225,
			Tsujimura
			• (Grad students:
			Kageyama, 2016. Noun-
			compounding
			and Noun-
			Incorporation)
	ord formation		
M	Child language	• Tsujimura, Chapter 4: Morphology, p. 214-221.	• Affix 2, Group
10/08/18		Mazuka, Kondo and Hayashi. 2008. Japanese	presentation
		Mothers' Use of Specialized Vocabulary in	• Exercise 8, p.
		Infant-Directed Speech: Infant-Directed Vocabulary in Japanese. In <i>The Origins of</i>	228, Tsujimura
		Language: Unraveling Evolutionary Forces,	
		edited by Nobuo Masataka, 39-58. Tokyo:	
		Springer Japan. CR	
W	Syntactic	Tsujimura, Chapter 5: Syntax, p. 229-237.	Exercises 2-3, p. 305-
10/10/18	constituents,		306, Tsujimura
	Phrase		
_	structures	To Charles 5 C	
F	Word order and	Tsujimura, Chapter 5: Syntax, p. 238-254.	
10/12/18	scrambling; Noun ellipsis		
Week 9 Syr	•		
WEEK 3 391	ILUA		

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M 10/15/18	Reflexives; Passives	Tsujimura, Chapter 5: Syntax, p. 254-272.	Exercise 6, p. 306- 307, Tsujimura
W	Types of indirect	Deguchi, Masanori. 2013. Two indirect passive	
10/17/18	passives	constructions in Japanese. In <i>Non-canonical</i>	
	position of	passives, edited by Artemis Alexiandou and Florian	
		Schäfer, 281-296. Philadelphia: John Benjamins. CR	
F	Lautaal atuata.		/Cua di atuala mta
	Lexical strata;	Hebizo [Tomita, Takayuki] and Nagiko Umino.	(Grad students:
10/19/18	honorific	2009. "O" no tsuku kotoba, tsukanai kotoba. In	Watanabe 2012)
	marking	Nihonjin no shiranai kotoba, p. 106-113. Tokyo:	
		Media Factory. In FILES on Canvas .	
Week 10 Sy	ıntax		
M	Causatives;	Tsujimura, Chapter 5: Syntax, p. 272-284.	Exercise 1, p. 304-
10/22/18	Relative clauses;		305, Tsujimura
	Light verbs		·
W	Relative clauses;	Tsujimura, Chapter 5: Syntax, p. 284-300.	
10/24/18	Light verbs	, , , , , , ,	
F	Postposing and	Ono, Tsuyoshi. 2006. "An emotively motivated	
10/26/18	emotion	post-predicate constituent in a 'strict predicate	
10/20/18	emotion		
		final' language: Emotion and grammar meet in	
		Japanese everyday talk," in <i>Emotive</i>	
		Communication in Japanese, p. 139-154.	
		Amsterdam: John Benjamins. CR	
Week 11 Re	eview and Exam 2		
M	Study Guide,	Review of key concepts and discussion of question	
10/29/18	Exam 2	types	
W	Exam 2	In class, covers all material from 09/24/18 through	
10/31/18		10/29/18	
F	Classes	Homecoming	
11/02/18	suspended		
-	cam 2, Semantics		
M	Meaning—basic	Tsujimura, Chapter 6: Semantics, p. 309-319.	Exercises 1, 5, p.
	-		·
11/05/18	concepts;	Matsuki, Keiko. 1995. "Metaphors of Anger in	399-400 Tsujimura
	Metaphor	Japanese," in Language and the Cognitive	
		Construal of the World, p. 137-151. Berlin:	
		Mouton de Gruyter. CR	
W	Deixis and other	Tsujimura, Chapter 6: Semantics, p. 319-334.	(Grad students:
11/07/18	spatial relations		Ikegami 1985)
F	Semantic	Kunihiro, Tetsuya. 1970. A contrastive study of	Lexicon 1, Group
11/09/18	structure of the	vocabulary: With special reference to English and	presentation
' '	lexicon	Japanese. In Studies in General and Oriental	<i>'</i>
		Linguistics: Presented to Shirō Hattori on the	
		occasion of his sixtieth birthday, ed. By Roman	
		Jakobson and Shigeo Kawamoto, 325-347. Tokyo:	
Wook 12 Co	mantics	TEC Company. CR	
Week 13 Se		Veterand Day	
M	Classes	Veterans' Day	
11/12/18	suspended		
W	Tense and	Tsujimura, Chapter 6: Semantics, p. 335-370.	
11/14/18	Aspect		

M 11/16/18	Verb semantics; pragmatics; quantifier floating	 Tsujimura, Chapter 6: Semantics, p. 370-395. Recommended: Suzuki, Takaaki and Naoko Yoshinaga. 2013. Children's knowledge of hierarchical phrase structure:	Lexicon 2, Group Presentation
Week 14 P	ragmatics	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
M	Regional	Tsujimura, Chapter 7: Language Variation, p. 403-	Dialect, Group
11/19/18	variation	410.	presentation
W	Classes	Thanksgiving	
11/21/18	suspended		
F	Classes	Thanksgiving	
11/23/18	suspended		
Week 15 La	anguage variation a	and pragmatics	
M	Sociolinguistic	SturtzSreetharan, Cindi. 2017. Language and	
11/26/18	aspects of	masculinity: the role of Osaka dialect in	
	regional	contemporary ideals of fatherhood. Gender and	
	vernaculars	Language 11:4, 552-574. CR	
W	Social variation	Tsujimura, Chapter 7: Language Variation, p. 410-	Youth slang, Group
11/28/18		429.	Presentation
F	Sentence-final	Hasegawa, Yoko. 2015. Sentence-final particles. In	
11/30/18	particles	Japanese: A Linguistic Introduction, p. 293-306. CR	
Week 16 P		,	
M 12/03/18	Honorifics	Okamoto, Shigeko. 2011. The use and interpretation of addressee honorific and plain forms in Japanese: Diversity, multiplicity, and ambiguity. <i>Journal of Pragmatics</i> 43:15, 3673-3688.	
W 12/05/18	Hedging	 Lauwereyns, Shizuka. 2002. Hedges in Japanese conversation: The influence of age, sex, and formality. Language Variation and Change 14:2, 239-259. CR Exam 3 is a take-home exam, to be distributed in class 	LIN 6571 Research paper findings presentations
F 12/07/18	Study day		
F	Study day	Study Day	
12/08/16			
Week 17 E	xam week		
W		Exam 3 is due for submission to Canvas	
12/12/18		("Assignments") by 12:00 pm noon.	

Basic References in Japanese Linguistics

UF has E-books for the series *Handbooks of Japanese Language and Linguistics* (Boston: De Gruyter Mouton). This is the most recent comprehensive reference work. Five volumes have been published so far:

Handbook of Japanese Applied Linguistics, 2016. Edited by Masahiko Minami.

Handbook of Japanese Lexicon and Word Formation, 2016. Edited by Taro Kageyama and Hideki Kishimoto.

Handbook of Japanese Phonetics and Phonology, 2015. Edited by Haruo Kubozono.

Handbook of Japanese Psycholinguistics, 2015. Edited by Mineharu Nakayama.

Handbook of the Ryukyuan Languages, 2015. Edited by Patrick Heinrich, Shinso Miyara, and Michinori Shimoji.

Other basic works include MARTIN for any aspect of Japanese language, FRELLESVIG or MILLER for any aspect of history of the Japanese language, and ALFONSO for any information about basic Japanese grammar or sentence patterns. Consult KUNO (1973), SHIBATANI (1990), and IWASAKI (2002) on key issues in Japanese linguistics. For more recent treatments of key points of theory as they relate to Japanese, consult TSUJIMURA (1999) and MIYAGAWA and SAITO (2008).

Alfonso, Anthony. 1966. *Japanese Language Patterns: A Structural Approach*. Tokyo: Sophia University. 2 Volumes.

Clark, Paul H. 2009. *The* Kokugo *Revolution: Education, Identity and Language Policy in Imperial Japan*. Berkeley, California: Institute of East Asian Studies, University of California, Berkeley.

Frellesvig, Bjarke. 2010. A History of the Japanese Language. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Hamano, Shoko. 1998. The Sound-Symbolic System of Japanese. Stanford, CA: CSLI Publications.

Irwin, Mark. 2011. Loanwords in Japanese. Amsterdam/Philadelphia: John Benjamins.

Ito, Junko and Armin Mester. 2003. *Japanese Morphophonemics: Markedness and Word Structure*. Cambridge, Mass: MIT Press.

Iwasaki Shoichi. 2002. Japanese. Amsterdam/Philadelphia: John Benjamins.

Kuno Susumu. 1973. The Structure of the Japanese Language. Cambridge: The MIT Press.

Lurie, David B. 2011. *Realms of Literacy: Early Japan and the History of Writing*. Cambridge, Mass: Harvard University East Asia Center.

Martin, Samuel. 1975. A Reference Grammar of Japanese. New Haven: Yale University Press.

Maynard, Senko K. 2005. *Expressive Japanese: A Reference Guide to Sharing Emotion and Empathy*. Honolulu: University of Hawaii Press.

_____. 1998. Principles of Japanese Discourse: A Handbook. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press.

Miller, Roy Andrew. 1967. The Japanese Language. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.

Miyagawa, Shigeru. 2010. *Why Agree? Why Move? Unifying Agreement-Based and Discourse-Configurational Languages*. Cambridge, Mass.: MIT Press.

Miyagawa, Shigeru and Mamoru Saito, eds. 2008. *The Oxford Handbook of Japanese Linguistics*. Oxford/New York: Oxford University Press.

Nakayama, Mineharu, Reiko Mazuka and Yasuhiro Shirai. 2006. *The Handbook of East Asian Psycholinguistics, Volume II: Japanese*. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press.

Shibatani Masayoshi. 1990. The Languages of Japan. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Tsujimura Natsuko, ed. 1999. The Handbook of Japanese Linguistics. Oxford: Blackwell Publishers.

Vance, Timothy J. 1987. An Introduction to Japanese Phonology. Albany: State University of New York Press.

Dictionaries

Haig, John H. 1997. *The New Nelson Japanese English Character Dictionary, Based on the Classic Edition by Andrew N. Nelson*. Rutland, VT/Tokyo: Charles E. Tuttle.

Iwanami shoten jiten henshūbu. 1992. 逆引き広辞苑 *Gyakubiki Kōjien (Reverse Look-Up Kojien)*. Tokyo: Iwanami shoten.

Kakehi, Hisao; Tamori, Ikuhiro, and Shourup, Lawrence. 1996. *Dictionary of Iconic Expressions in Japanese*. Berlin/New York: Mouton de Gruyter.

Masuda, Koh, editor-in-chief. Kenkyusha's New Japanese-English Dictionary. Tokyo: Kenkyusha.

Ono, Susumu and Masando Hamanishi. 1981. 類語新辞典 *Ruigo shin jiten (Dictionary of Synonyms)*. Tokyo: Kadokawa.

Spahn, Mark and Wolfgang Hadamistzky. 1996. *The Kanji Dictionary*. Boston/Rutland/Tokyo: Tuttle Publishing.

Tian Zhongkui, Shoji Izuhara and Jin Xiangshun, eds. 1998. 類義語使い分け辞典 *Ruigigo tsukaiwake jiten* (Dictionary of Synonym Differentiation). Tokyo: Kenkyusha.

Yamaguchi, Nakami. 2003. Kurashi no kotoba: Gion, gitaigo jiten. Kōdansha.

Dialect Atlases

Kokuritsu Kokugo Kenkyūjo, comps. 日本言語地図 *Nihon gengo chizu (Linguistic Atlas of Japan)*. Tokyo: Kokuritsu Kokugo Kenkyūjō, 1981-1985, 6 volumes.

Kokuritsu Kokugo Kenkyūjo, comps. 方言文法全国地図 Hōgen bunpō zenkoku chizu (Grammar Atlas of Japanese Dialects).Tokyo: Ōkurashō Insatsukyoku. 1989- (3 volumes).