# *IPN 3730 Spring 2016*

# Language in Japanese Society

MWF 5<sup>th</sup> period (11:45 - 12:35), LIT 121 Section 03C2 http://elearning.ufl.edu Canvas

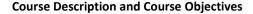
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Office hours: Monday 8<sup>th</sup> period (3:00-3:50); Tuesday 5<sup>th</sup>-6<sup>th</sup> periods (11:45-1:40), and by appointment

Drop Box: 320 Pugh next to office door



This course examines socio-cultural aspects of language use in Japan. We focus on words that are used to characterize people and their behaviors, and words newly coined to capture current socio-cultural trends and phenomena. We also investigate the lexical domains of linguistic stereotyping and discrimination, especially as they relate to minorities in Japan. In addition to the lexicon, we examine the ways in which language use varies according to place and participants who are distinguished by social attributes such as gender, age, and degree of intimacy. In particular, we study the ways in which stereotypic style markers of gender and formality are manipulated for purposes of identity display, and stance. These topics are approached from the perspective of linguistic anthropology (culture and meaning) and sociolinguistics (forms that specify social attributes and speaking styles).

There are no prerequisites for the course. Previous study of Japanese language is not required, but some previous study or concurrent enrollment in Beginning Japanese is recommended since we will consider a lot of Japanese language data, and some assignments will require you to search for examples on your own. All of the examples in the readings appear in Romanization and are translated and/or glossed. While an introductory course in linguistics would be useful, it is not required. Most of the readings are written by linguists specializing in linguistic anthropology, sociolinguistics, or pragmatics. From time to time in-class activities will include introduction of topics and language use that does not appear in the course readings, such as current slang, proverbs, and dialect forms.

# Course Textbooks and other materials, required

Bardsley, Jan and Laura Miller, eds. 2011. *Manners and Mischief: Gender, Power, and Etiquette in Japan*. Berkeley: University of California Press.

Gottlieb, Nanette. 2006. Linguistic Stereotyping and Minority Groups in Japan. London and New York: Routledge.

Okamoto, Shigeko and Janet S. Shibamoto Smith. 2004. *Japanese Language, Gender, and Ideology: Cultural Models and Real People*. Oxford; New York: Oxford University Press.

Other materials: Selected book chapters and articles on online reserves (ARES) at Smathers Library. These are indicated by "Course Reserves" in the Daily Schedule.



#### **Policies and Expectations**

- You are obligated to abide by the UF Student Honor Code. This includes avoidance of plagiarism, among other violations (<a href="https://www.dso.ufl.edu/sccr/process/student-conduct-honor-code/">https://www.dso.ufl.edu/sccr/process/student-conduct-honor-code/</a>). From the Honor Code site:
  - a. "Plagiarism. A student shall not represent as the student's own work all or any portion of the work of another. Plagiarism includes but is not limited to:
    - i. Quoting oral or written materials including but not limited to those found on the internet, whether published or unpublished, without proper attribution.
    - ii. Submitting a document or assignment which in whole or in part is identical or substantially identical to a document or assignment not authored by the student."
    - iii. Others
  - b. Unauthorized Use of Materials or Resources ("Cheating"). A student shall not use unauthorized materials or resources in an academic activity. Unauthorized materials or resources shall include:
    - i. Any paper or project authored by the student and presented by the student for the satisfaction of any academic requirement if the student previously submitted substantially the same paper or project to satisfy an academic requirement and did not receive express authorization to resubmit the paper or project.
    - ii. Others
- 2. Attendance and participation in class discussion is required, counting 10% of your grade.
- 3. **Digital media:** non-course related use of media (laptops, phones, etc.) is a distraction to other class members and hinders your ability to follow the class discussion. Please avoid.
- 4. Accommodations: Students desiring classroom accommodation must first register with the Dean of Students Office. The Dean of Students Office will provide documentation to the student who must then provide this documentation to the Instructor when requesting accommodation. See <a href="http://www.dso.ufl.edu/drc/">http://www.dso.ufl.edu/drc/</a> for information on this process. Please visit me during my office hours early in the semester.
- 5. **Make-up exams** will be provided in the case of documented illness or emergency. Notify instructor prior to the date of the exam, <a href="mailto:awehmeye@ufl.edu">awehmeye@ufl.edu</a>; 352-273-2961.

#### **Assignments and Evaluation**

- 1. **Questions for class discussion**: The Daily Schedule poses questions for you to respond to, or asks you to identify some particular data under focus for that day. In the case of data, please write out your examples and be prepared to share them with the class.
- 2. **Exercises**: The Daily Schedule contains 7 exercise assignments that ask you to search for specific linguistic items. In some cases, you are asked to translate or provide an interpretation of the item. The exercises are identified as (a) those you should submit to Canvas by 9 am on the date of the assignment, or (b) a clip or analysis that you should be prepared to present to class members and discuss briefly.
- 3. **Data Analysis Paper**: Select a short text or visual media, or excerpt from a longer text or visual media, to analyze from one or more of the perspectives studied in this course. The paper should be 9-12 pages and include a copy of the data at the end of the paper in the appendix. If you work with a clip, provide a Japanese transcription of the clip, an English translation of it, and a link to the clip. You should refer to concepts studied in the course, and you may refer to other reference sources, but this is not required. I am mainly interested in your own interpretation of the data, as informed by perspectives and terminology contained in the course materials. List any sources consulted in a References section at the end of the paper.

- a. **Possible topics**: These are simply examples, and you are not limited to these topics or approaches. Feel free to discuss possibilities with me if you are not sure about your topic.
  - i. Manga: cartoon or excerpt from story. What does the language use tell you about the relationship between the characters? What do the body language and or/facial expressions of the characters convey? Do you find any examples of current slang terms? Is there anything creative/deviant about the script choice that contributes to the message? Is it humorous? Why?
  - ii. Blogs or comment boards: What does language use (words, forms, subject matter) convey about the blogger/commentator? What type of image is the writer trying to display?
  - iii. Advice columns: How does the questioner pose his or her problem? How does the expert convey his or her advice? Why do you think the questioner chose this forum to ask for this sort of advice?
  - iv. Etiquette: websites that show do's and don'ts of proper behavior. What can you learn about social expectations for behavior in this context? How would you characterize the style of language used, and the stance of the advice-advice giver?
  - v. Anime: How is language use related to the personality of the characters? What sort of identities do they display (in speech, clothes, gestures, body language)? Do you find gender-differentiated speech use? Slang? What does the speech use tell you about the personalities of the characters, and their relationships with one another?
  - vi. Advertisement: Does it include mimetic words? If so, what is their function? What kind of cultural knowledge is required to understand the appeal of this ad?
  - vii. Film: What type of language do you find? Regional dialect? Yakuza dialect? Informal Japanese? Formal Japanese? Describe it, and explain the role that such language plays in the film.
  - viii. TV talk show or drama clip: What does speech use tell you about the nature of the relationships of the participants or characters? Identify their roles and give some examples to justify your analysis. What sorts of identity display can you identify? Justify your analysis with reference to speaking styles and stances.
- b. **Abstract outlining data selection and reason for interest, one paragraph**: Specify the set of data you plan to consider, and give complete bibliographic information or link for it. Briefly explain why you are interested in it, and outline what your approach will be.
  - i. Submit to Assignments in Canvas by Friday, 02/05/16.
- First draft or outline of analysis: Identify the features you plan to analyze, and explain your interpretation. Submit to Assignments in Canvas by Friday, 03/11/16.
- d. Final paper: 9-12 pages, submit to Assignments in Canvas by Wednesday, 04/13/16
  - i. Evaluation method
    - 1. Introduction: Data set is clearly identified, and reason for interest is explained.
    - 2. Data presentation: Data is clearly presented, with Japanese (transcription) and English translation.
    - 3. Data analysis: Various parameters of the data are considered; interpretation is elaborated and justified.
    - 4. Links to course materials: Reference is made to concepts and studies read and discussed in class.
    - 5. Optional: Analysis is supported by reference to other sources beyond the course material.
    - 6. Conclusion: Findings are summarized, and there is mention of factors that would be of interest for future research but are beyond the scope of the paper.
    - 7. List of references is provided at the end of the paper.

- 8. A copy of the data appears in the Appendix, or a link is provided to a clip in the case of visual media.
- 4. **Mid-term exam**, **Wednesday 02/24/16**: Key concepts, data interpretation.
  - a. Variety of question types including data analysis, term identification and definition, short and longer answer questions. Refer to Study Guide for Question Types.
- 5. **Final exam: Take-home exam due Wednesday, 04/27/16, by 12:30 p.m**. Application of key concepts to interpretation of data.
  - a. concept checking and data analysis

#### Grading

- 1. Written work (data analysis paper) will be evaluated on quality of writing (well-structured paragraphs and argumentation), and strength of analysis (scope, detail, insight, aptness). See also 4.d. immediately above.
- 2. Exercises will be graded Pass/Fail.
- 3. Breakdown of grading:

a.	Exercises and short presentations		
b.	Attendance and participation		
c.	Data analysis Paper		
	i. Abstract	02%	
	ii. First draft	03%	
	iii. Final paper	20%	
d.	Mid-term exam		25%
e.	Final exam		

- 4. Grading scale
  - i. 93-100 A; 90-92 A-
  - ii. 87-89 B+; 84-86 B; 80-83 B-
  - iii. 77-79 C+; 74-76 C; 70-73 C-
  - iv. 67-69 D+; 64-66 D, 60-63 D-
  - v. 0-59 E
- 5. UF Grade point information: https://catalog.ufl.edu/ugrad/current/regulations/info/grades.aspx

#### **DAILY SCHEDULE**

The schedule may be adjusted to revise or add assignments. Supplementary materials may be added to Resources in Canvas, in which case you will receive a notification.

Date	Topics	Assigned Readings	Exercises/ Assignments	
Week 1 /	Week 1 Introduction, Mimetics, and Talking about Food			
W	Introduc-	Syllabus		
01/06/	tion to			
16	course			
F	Cosmetics	Abdul Razak, Siti Hajjar. 2012. Japanese	For class discussion:	
01/08/	mimetics	Onomatopoeia: Cosmetics and Skincare	<ul> <li>In what contexts have you observed</li> </ul>	
16		Products in Fashion Magazines. Hikaku	use of mimetic words?	
		Nihongaku kyōiku kenkyū sentā kenkyū		
		nenpō 8:123-128. Course Reserves.		
Week 2 Talking about Food				
M	Food	Nishinari, Katsuyoshi et al. 2008.	For class discussion:	
01/11/	mimetics	Comparative Study of Texture Terms:	What do you observe about Japanese	
16		English, French, Japanese and Chinese.	texture terms?	

		Journal of Texture Studies 39/530-568. Course Reserves.	How do Japanese texture terms differ
14/	Faa-1		from other languages?  Exercise 1:
W	Food	Ayumi Kato, Yusuke Fukazawa, Tomomasa	
01/13/	mimetics in	Sato, and Taketoshi Mori. 2012. Extraction	Visit "Taberogu,"
16	restaurant	of onomatopoeia used for foods from food	(http://www.tabelog.com), and find an
	reviews	reviews and its application to restaurant	example of a food mimetic. Copy and
		search. In <i>Proceedings of the 21st</i>	paste the writer's comments, and identify
		international conference companion on	the mimetic. Translate the sentence in
		World Wide Web (WWW '12 Companion).	which it is used. Also specify the city,
		ACM, New York, NY, USA, 719-728.	restaurant, and type of dish. <b>Submit to</b>
		DOI=10.1145/2187980.2188192	Canvas.
		http://doi.acm.org/10.1145/2187980.21881	
		92	
		Access online and click on PDF.	
F	Language	Strauss, Susan. 2005. The linguistic	Exercise 2:
01/15/	of food	aestheticization of food: a cross-cultural look	Find an example of a Japanese food
16	commer-	at food commercials in Japan, Korea and the	commercial on Youtube (search under 食
	cials	United States. Journal of Pragmatics	べ物 cm) or elsewhere. Paste the url into
		37/9:1427-1455. Course Reserves.	Canvas. For in-class presentation, explain
			whether or not it displays the
			characteristics of Japanese food
			commercials observed by Strauss. Present
			your clip to the class.
	Vhat it means	to learn completely	
M 01/18/		Martin Luther King Jr. Day, classes suspended	
16		suspended	
W	Training in	Bardsley and Miller, Chapter 2 "Conduct	For class discussion:
01/20/	Japanese	Guides and Kabuki Onnagata," p. 48-66.	Can you find any other contexts in which
16	culture,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	the concept of <i>shugyō</i> 修行 'training' is
	perform-		used?
	ance and		
	beyond		
F	Training	Roth, Joshua Hotaka. 2012. Heartfelt	For class discussion:
01/22/	and	Driving: Discourses on Manners, Safety, and	What discourses and key terms have been
16	personality	Emotion in Japan's Era of Mass	applied in attempts to create safer driving
	type	Motorization. The Journal of Asian Studies	in Japan?
W/00k /1 /1	Nen and their l	71:1, 171-192. <b>Course Reserves.</b> anguage and images	
M	Spaces for	Bardsley and Miller, Chapter 5 "A Dinner	For class discussion:
01/25/	socializing	Party is not a Revolution: Space, Gender and	Can you find any examples of
16	500141121116	Hierarchy in Modern Japan," 95-113.	contemporary gendered spaces for
			socialization?
W	Men's	Sreetharan, Japanese Men's Linguistic	For class discussion:
01/27/	language,	Stereotypes and Realities: Conversations	What are the stereotypically masculine
16	stereotyp-	from the Kansai and Kanto Regions, p. 275-	forms, and when are they used?
	ic and	289 in Japanese Language, Gender, and	
<u> </u>	otherwise	Ideology.	
F	Male	Bardsley and Miller, Chapter 6 "The Oyaji	For class discussion:
01/29/	grooming;	Gets a Makeover: Guides for Salarymen in	What newly coined terms can you find
16		the New Millennium," 114-135.	that refer to men?

	choiwaru oyaji		
Week 5 V		eir language and images	
M 02/01/ 16	Salary men types	Work on Exercise 3.	Exercise 3: Select an entry from the Riiman jiten at <a href="http://www.asahi.com/kaisha/">http://www.asahi.com/kaisha/</a> , and translate it. Label the entry clearly. Your translation need not be complete or perfect. Submit to Canvas.
W 02/03/ 16	New maculini- ties	Alpert, Erika. 2014. Stoicism or Shyness? Japanese professional matchmakers and new masculine conversational ideals. Journal of Language and Sexuality 3:2, 191-218. Course Reserves.	For class discussion: What kind of conversation styles are passive male clients advised to adopt?
F 02/05/ 16	Hinkaku 品 格 'dignity' versus makeinu 負け犬 'loser dog'	Bardsley and Miller, Chapter 7 "The Dignified Woman Who Loves to be "Loveable," 136-155.	Abstract for Data Analysis Paper due. Submit to Assignments in Canvas.
Week 6		ruality, identity display	
M 02/08/ 16	Image and voice pitch	Ohara, "Prosody and Gender in Workplace Interaction: Exploring Constraints and Resources in the Use of Japanese," p. 222-239, in Japanese Language, Gender, and Ideology.	For class discussion: Are there contexts in which you alter the pitch, high or low, of your voice? What are the contexts, and why do you think you adjust your voice in that way?
W 02/10/ 16	Childbear- ing advice	Bardsley and Miller, Chapter 8 "Making and Marketing Mothers: Guides to Pregnancy in Modern Japan," p. 156-177.	For class discussion: How has the focus of pregnancy advice manuals changed over the past two centuries?
F 02/12/ 16	Naming	Work on Exercise 4.  Otake, Tomoko. 2012. What to call baby? The Japan Times 01/22/2012, http://www.japantimes.co.jp/life/2012/01/22/general/what-to-call-baby/#.VoWAmk1ljcs.	Exercise 4:  Select one of the top 10 names of 2015 shown for male or female names, along with its associated readings, and discuss the possible associations or images the kanji and associated readings convey. If it were your name, how would you read it? <a href="http://www.meijiyasuda.co.jp/enjoy/ranking/read">http://www.meijiyasuda.co.jp/enjoy/ranking/read</a> best10/index.html  For some names, googling the name + 意味 will lead to an entry in みんなの名前辞典 at coreblog.org. The entry will explain the meaning of each of the kanji in the name. You can also visit the website and search for the kanji, at <a href="http://coreblog.org/naming/">http://coreblog.org/naming/</a> . Your translation need not be perfect or complete. Submit to Canvas.
Week 7 E	Behavior that o Sōdan shitsu 相談	offends; gender and sexuality Bardsley and Miller, Chapter 9 "When Manners Are Not Enough: The Newspaper	For class discussion:

02/15/ 16	室 'advice columns'	Advice Column and the 'Etiquette' of Cultural Ideology in Contemporary Japan," p. 178-195.	What sort of cultural shift does Shibamoto observe in the nature of the advice given to contemporary question writers?
W 02/17/ 16	Language and identity display	Lunsing and Maree, Shifting Speakers: Negotiating reference in relation to sexuality and gender, p. 92-113; Abe, Lesbian Bar Talk in Shinjuku, Tokyo, p. 205-222, in Japanese Language, Gender, and Ideology.	For class discussion: What is different about pronoun use in the gay and lesbian communities?
F 02/19/ 16	Identity construc- tion	Bardsley and Miller, Chapter 10 "A Community of Manners: Advice Columns in Lesbian and Gay Magazines in Japan," p. 196-218.	For class discussion: What is the concept of tōjisha 当事者, and why is it relevant in the context of sexual minorities?
Week 8 E	Behavior that o	ffends; gender and sexuality	
M 02/22/ 16	Offensive behaviors	Bardsley and Miller, Chapter 11 "Behavior That Offends: Comics and Other Images of Incivility," p. 219-250.	Exercise 5: Select a cartoon illustrating bad manners from one in the list, translate, and present to class. Note the number and category in Canvas.  http://www.keio.co.jp/gallery/manner/list/index.html For class discussion: How can we characterize the types of behavior that are likely to offend others?
W 02/24/ 16	<mark>Mid-term</mark> exam	Mid-term exam. Covers all material from 01/08/16 through 02/22/16. Variety of question types including data analysis, term identification and definition, short and longer answer questions. Refer to Study Guide for Question Types.	
F 02/26/ 16	Public etiquette	Siniawer, Eiko Maruko. 2014. "Affluence of the Heart": Wastefulness and the Search for Meaning in Millennial Japan. <i>The Journal of Asian Studies</i> 73:1, 165-186. <b>Course Reserves.</b>	For class discussion: How do you define <i>mottainai</i> ? How is this concept linked to Japanese culture?
Week 9 S	bring Break, cl	lasses suspended	
	Language and	•	
M 03/07/ 16	Words and their effect	Maeda, Naoki. 2003. Influence of Kotodamaism on Japanese Journalism. <i>Media, Culture &amp; Society</i> 25/6:757-772. <b>Course Reserves</b> .	For class discussion: What is kotodama belief, and why is it relevant in the context of journalism?
W 03/09/ 16	Representations and their implications	Killmeier, Matthew A. and Naomi Chiba. 2010. Neo-nationalism seeks strength from the gods: Yasukuni Shrine, collective memory, and the Japanese press. <i>Media,</i> War & Conflict 3/3:334-354. Course Reserves.  Gottlieb, Chapter 1 "Language and	For class discussion: In what ways are journalistic representations of events indicative of certain agendas being served?
03/11/ 16	Identifying discrimina- tory language	Gottlieb, Chapter 1 "Language and Representation," p. 1-24.	First Draft of Data Analysis Paper due. Submit to Assignments in Canvas

Week 11	Language and	discrimination		
M 03/14/ 16	Kotoba- gari, 'word- hunting' "PC" in	Gottlieb, Chapter 2 "The Flow-on Effects," p. 25-48.	For class discussion: What is kotobagari 言葉狩り, and what sorts of words does it target?	
W 03/16/ 16	Japan Terms that refer to Burakumin	Gottlieb, Chapter 3 "Status Discrimination," p. 49-73.	For class discussion: What is "status discrimination," and how is it related to language?	
F 03/18/ 16	Terms that refer to outsider minorities	Gottlieb, Chapter 4 "Ethnicity," p. 74-98.	Exercise 6: You can often find inflammatory rhetoric on this bilingual site, particularly as regards Japan-Korea relations, and Japan-international relations, www.japancrush.com (English with Japanese text in popups, for both main and comments). Check topics that relate to any of the ethnicities in this chapter, and try to identify some discriminatory words or comments. Submit to Canvas.	
Meek 12 M 03/21/ 16	Terms that refer to mental and physical differences	discrimination; Honorific space; gendered space Gottlieb, Chapter "Disability," p. 99-116.	For class discussion: What have been the strategies for coining new replacement words and expressions for discriminatory words?	
W 03/23/ 16	Discrimina- tion that is built into the language	<ul> <li>Gottlieb, Chapter 6 "Gender," p. 117-134.</li> <li>Endo; Shibamoto (trans.), Women and Words: The status of sexist language in Japan as seen through contemporary dictionary definitions and media discourse, p. 166-186, in Japanese Language, Gender, and Ideology.</li> </ul>	For class discussion: What are some current gender-discriminatory words?	
F 03/25/ 16	Rethinking gender and politeness	Okamoto, Ideology in linguistic practice and analysis: Gender and politeness in Japanese revisited, p. 38-56, in Japanese Language, Gender, and Ideology.	For class discussion: How has the received wisdom that women speak more politely than men come to be re-evaluated?	
Week 13	Week 13 Gender and script innovation			
M 03/28/ 16	Rhetoric of fashion magazines	Nakamura, "Let's Dress a Little Girlishly!" or "Conquer Short Pants!" Constructing Gendered Communities in Fashion Magazines for Young People, p. 131-147 in Japanese Language, Gender, and Ideology.	For class discussion:  Do you find any similar techniques in  American fashion magazines for young people?	
W 03/30/ 16	Language and identity display	Miller, You are doing <i>Burikko</i> ! Censoring/Scrutinizing Artificers of Cute Femininity in Japanese, p. 148-165 in Japanese Language, Gender, and Ideology.	For class discussion: Can you think of any hyper-feminine speaking styles in English? Give an example.	

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F	Identity	Miller, Laura. 2011. Subversive script and	For class discussion:	
04/01/	display in	novel graphs in Japanese girls' culture.	Do you see any parallels with American	
16	writing	Language and Communication 31/1:16-26.	youth deviant script styles?	
_		Course Reserves.		
		ript innovation; regional and age variation		
M	Identity	Fisch, Michael. 2009. War by Metaphor in	For class discussion:	
04/04/	and	Densha Otoko. Mechademia 4, 131-146.	How does the metaphor of war work in	
16	metaphor	Course Reserves.	this digital medium?	
W	Dialect in	Sunaoshi, Farm Women's Professional	For class discussion:	
04/06/	context	Discourse in Ibaraki, p. 187-204 in <i>Japanese</i>	Why does Sunaoshi maintain that gender	
16		Language, Gender, and Ideology.	is not a salient category when analyzing	
			speaking styles in the Ibaraki dialect?	
F	Different	Matsumoto, Alternative Femininity:	For class discussion:	
04/08/	versions of	Personae of Middle-Aged Mothers, p. 240-	What is "stance," and how is it reflected in	
16	self	255 in Japanese Language, Gender, and	speech?	
		Ideology.		
Week 15	Language and	society		
M	Pronouns	Miyazaki, Japanese Junior High School Girls'	For class discussion:	
04/11/	and	and Boys' First-Person Pronoun Use and	How does pronoun use differ across	
16	identity	Their Social World, p. 265-274 in <i>Japanese</i>	school peer groups? What identity types	
	display	Language, Gender, and Ideology.	are linked to use of particular pronouns>	
W	Language	Fisch, Michael. ND. Meditations on the	Data Analysis Paper due. Submit to	
04/13/	of disaster	"Unimaginable" (soteigai). PDF. Course	Assignments in Canvas.	
16		Reserves.		
F	Lexeme	Sano, Shinichiro. 2005. On the positive	Exercise 7:	
04/15/	innovation,	meaning of the adjective yabai in Japanese.	Identify a word in English, or some other	
16	and spread	Sophia Linguistica 53, Working Papers in	word in Japanese, that has undergone a	
	·	Linguistics, 109-130. Course Reserves.	change in meaning that allowed it to be	
			used in new contexts, and explain. Submit	
			to Canvas.	
Week 16	Week 16 Script and advertising			
М	Image and	Bartal, Ory. 2012. Text as Image in Japanese	For class discussion:	
04/18/	text	Advertising Typography Design. Design <i>Issues</i>	How do font and script work to create	
16		29/1:51-65. Course Reserves.	visual images in Japanese advertising?	
W	Findings	Discussion of data analysis projects. Brief	Take-home Final available on Canvas.	
04/20/	0-	description of the focus of your project, and		
16		summary of the results (2 minutes).		
Week 17				
W		Take-home Final exam due. Submit to		
04/27/		Canvas by 12:30 p.m. Early submissions		
16		welcome.		
			l .	

### **Reference tools**

Basic titles in Japanese linguistics. MARTIN (1975) is excellent on any aspect of Japanese language, MILLER (1967) for any aspect of history of the Japanese language, and ALFONSO (1966) for any information about basic Japanese grammar or sentence patterns. Consult KUNO (1973), SHIBATANI (1990), and IWASAKI (2002) on key issues in Japanese linguistics.

Alfonso, Anthony. 1966. *Japanese Language Patterns: A Structural Approach*. Tokyo: Sophia University. 2 Volumes.

Gurūpu Jamashii, eds. 1998. Kyōshi to gakushūsha no tame no Nihongo bunkei jiten. Tokyo: Kurosio.

Ito, Junko and Armin Mester. 2003. *Japanese Morphophonemics: Markedness and Word Structure*. Cambridge, Mass.; London: The MIT Press.

Iwasaki Shoichi. 2002. Japanese. Amsterdam; Philadelphia: John Benjamins.

Kuno Susumu. 1973. The Structure of the Japanese Language. Cambridge: The MIT Press.

Martin, Samuel. 1975. A Reference Grammar of Japanese. New Haven: Yale University Press.

Maynard, Senko K. 2005. *Expressive Japanese: A Reference Guide to Sharing Emotion and Empathy*. Honolulu: University of Hawaii Press.

Maynard, Senko K. 1998. *Principles of Japanese Discourse: A Handbook*. Cambridge, UK: Cambridge University Press.

Miller, Roy Andrew. 1967. The Japanese Language. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.

Miyagawa, Shigeru and Mamoru Saito, eds. 2008. *The Oxford Handbook of Japanese Linguistics*. Oxford; New York: Oxford University Press.

Shibatani Masayoshi. 1990. The Languages of Japan. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Tsujimura Natsuko, ed. 1999. The Handbook of Japanese Linguistics. Oxford: Blackwell Publishers.

Vance, Timothy J. 1987. An Introduction to Japanese Phonology. Albany: State University of New York Press.

#### **Dictionaries**

Haig, John H. 1997. *The New Nelson Japanese English Character Dictionary, Based on the Classic Edition by Andrew N. Nelson*. Rutland, VT/Tokyo: Charles E. Tuttle.

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